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AD-A218 308

# DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

FISCAL YEAR 1991 BUDGET ESTIMATES. JUSTIFICATION OF

SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS JANUARY 1990



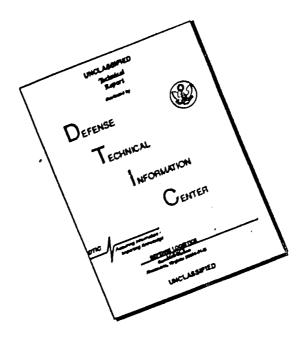


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Missile Procurement, Air Force

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8	5	7	Q	- 5	1	-1	- T	,	5	5
Appropriation Language	10	Object Classification,	Ø						Comparison of FY 1990 Program	Comparison of FY 1989 Program
7	Program and Financing.	ر <b>د</b>	Budget Activity Justification:						-	
1	/		1							

STATEMENT "A" per Mr. M. Fritsch SAF/FLBPC TELFCON 2/21/90 CG



For	CRA&I <b>Q</b> TAB D	Call	Availability Codes	Special	
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### MISSILE PROURBMENT, AIR FORCE

including spare parts and accessories therefor, ground handling equipment, and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, Government-owned equipment and installation thereof in such plants, erection Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes of structures, and acquisition of land, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, For construction, procurement, and modification of missiles, spacecraft, rockets, and related equipment, including rents and transportation of things: [\$6,916,863,000] \$9,005,700,000 to remain available for may be acquired and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title; reserve plant and obligation until September 30, [1992] 1993.

Missile Procurement, Air Force Progrem and Financing (in Thousands of dollers) SUMMARY

1	1	Budget Plan	(amounts for progressed)	PROCUREMENT	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Ob 1 tgat fons	
Identif	Identification code 57-3020-0-1-051	1989 actual	1990 est.	1991 est.	1989 actual	1990 est.	1991 est.
-	Program by activities:						
00.0101		841,394	886.359	1,885,007	1.085.392	922,074	1,526,926
00.020	こうこう ほうかいしゅい かんしょうしゅう はんかか (日本の) (日	140.073	77.057	111.273	94.981	116.736	108.336
00.0401		231,907	79	271,355	289,097	152	217,373
00.0501	Other support	4,435,048	4,089,185	4,612,597	4,512,687	3,742,208	4,459,157
1016.00	Total direct program	7	19,68	9,005,700	7,391,679	•	8,421,437
1010.10	Reimburseble program	256,0	251,772	251,800	244,174	267,982	•
10.0001	Total	7.402,560	6,841,386	9,257,500	7,635,853	73	8,673,237
- 6	Firencing: Offerting collections from:	200	519	747	410 142	247 672	247 500
13.000		-11,878	-4,100	-4,300	-12,048	-4,100	-4,300
14.0001	Mon-Federal sources(-) Recovery of Drior year obligations				5-60.941		
21.4002	For completion of prior year budget pla Aveileble to finance new budget plans	-103,000	-44,177	-131,000	-2,721,274	-2,481,302	-2,407,951
22.4001	Reprograming from/to prior year budget pla Unobligeted balence transferred to other acc	-85,478 119,223	44.177		119,223	44.177	
24.4002 24.4003 25.0001	Unobligated balance svariable, and of year: For completion of prior year budget plene Available to finance eubesquent year budge Unobligeted belance lapeing	44,177	131,000		2,481,302 44,177 49,255	2,407,951	2,992,214
39.0001	Budget euthority	7,190,838	6,720,614	8.874.700	7,190,838	6,720,614	8.874.700
40.0001	9	7,219,833	6,916,863	9,005,700	7,219,683	6,916,863	9,005,700
40.0005		-28,043	-153,108	-131,000	-26,043	-153,108	-131,000
43.0001	- 1	7,190,638	6,720,814	8,874,700	7,190,838	6,720,614	8,874,700

Missile Procurement, Air Force Program and Financing (in Thousands of dollars) SUMMARY

Identific	Identification code		1989 actual	1990 est. 1991 est.	1991 est.
71.0001 72.4001	lation of obj	6	7,381,896	6,662,965	8.421.437
74.4001 77.0001 78.0001	Obligated bal Adjustments i Adjustments i	(net)	-11,292,592 2,984 -60,941	-10,743,457	-12,047,394
90.0001	Outlays	90.0001 Outleys	7,348,936	7,348,936 7,212,100	7.117.500

Missils Procurement, Air Forca Objact Classification (in Thousands of dollars) SUMMARY

Identification code 57-3020-0-1-051	1989 actual	1990 est. 1991 est.	1991 est.
	7,391,679	6,646,755	8,421,437
199.001 Total Direct obligations	7,391,679	6,646,755	8,421,437
Raimbursable obligations: 231.001 Equipment	244,174	267,982	251,800
299.001 Total Reimbursabla obligations	244,174	267,982	251,800
999.901 Total obligations	7,635,853	6.914,737	8,673,237

### ACTIVITY: 1. Ballistic Missiles

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1991 Estimate 1,885,007
FY 1990 Estimate 886,359
FY 1989 Actual 841,394

### SECTION I - PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This activity provides for complete operational intercontinental ballistic missiles, including the airframe launch control facilities and the integration of new equipment into the launch control center. It includes status of the system, specialized ground handling equipment, and system trainers. The ground equipment is ballistic missiles including ground guidance and control systems, equipment to maintain the operational used to transport, assemble and disassemble, maintain, checkout, launch, and guide ballistic missiles. operator crews. This activity also provides for the modernization of the ballistic missile launch and facilities. Also included is replacement equipment for ballistic missile weapon systems. Replacement equipment requirements provide for peculiar support equipment for out-of-production systems, equipment hardware, training equipment, data and site activation effort required to modernize ballistic missile structure and installed power units, communications guidance and control equipment, re-entry vehicle Specialized training equipment includes system trainers for proficiency training of maintenance and penetration aids. It also provides for peculiar support equipment in direct support of operational (excluding nuclear payloads), instruments and auxiliary equipment installed in the missiles, and common to several systems, and equipment required by specialized repair activities.

# SECTION 11 - JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

#### PEACEKEEPER

(In Thousands of Dollars)

 FY 1990
 FY 1991

 QTY
 AMOUNT
 QTY
 AMOUNT

 12
 832,467
 12
 1,861,019

The Peacekeeper is a four-stage ICBM having multiple independently targetable warheads with much greater accuracy than previous ballistic missiles. The first 50 Peacekeeper missiles are deployed in Minuteman advanced guidance set for improved accuracy; an advanced solid propellant; lightweight motor cases; and associated support equipment. The FY 1991 request includes funding for basing set materials to support silos. Peacekeeper subsystems provide the following improvements over existing Minuteman missiles: advanced rocket motor nozzles. Funds are requested in FY 1991 for procurement of 12 missiles, and deployment of missiles in rail garrisons subject to Congressional approval.

# REPLACEMENT EQUIPMENT - STRATEGIC (BALLISTIC)

(In Thousands of Dollars)

 FY 1990
 FY 1991

 QITY
 AMOUNT
 QITY
 AMOUNT

 58,892
 23,988

Replacement equipment includes items to replace peculiar and common support equipment worn out or damaged inventory. It provides for the replacement of organizational and base level missile support equipment. beyond economical repair and common items required for new ballistic missile systems entering the

### ACTIVITY: 2. Other Missiles

(In Thousands of Doliars)

FY 1991 Estimate \$2,125,468

FY 1950 Estimate \$1,353,217 FY 1989 Actual 1,498,035

### SECTION I - PURPOSE AND SOOPE

This activity provides funds for procurement of strategic air-to-ground cruise missiles, tactical groundto-ground cruise missiles, tactical air-to-air, air-to-ground and ground-to-air missiles, target drones, (airframe, propulsion equipment, electronics and amment), peculiar support equipment (PSE), system missile replacement equipment and industrial facilities. Weapon system cost includes flyaway costs peculiar training equipment and publications, and technical data.

## SECTION 11- JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

Tacit Rainbow, Imaging Infrared (IIR) Maverick, HARM, target drones, Short Range Attack Missile II (SRAM The FY 1991 budget request includes funds for the procurement of the Advanced Cruise Missile, Have Flag, !!), Sidewinder, Advanced Medium Range Air-to-Air Missile (ANRAAM), HAVE NAP, Missile Replacement Equipment, and Industria! Facilities.

#### Strategic Missiles

#### ADVANCED CRUISE MISSILE

	FY1990	Amount	473,269
of Dollars)	EX	Otty	001
In Thousands of	FY 1990	Amount	315,202
Ξ		Qty	3

The Advanced Cruise Missile (ACM) is a low-observable air-launched cruise missile. ACM incorporates substantial improvements in survivability, range, accuracy, and trageting flexibility over current inventory assets. It is being tested for use on both the B-52H and the B-1B aircraft. Have Flag - Information concerning this program is included in classified budget documentation material.

#### Tacit Rainbow

The Tacit Rainbow is a low-cost, programmable, loitering missile system to search out and attack emitting radars. This system provides the capability to defeat/suppress the enemy's ability to acquire and attack friendly forces. The 1991 request is for \$227.4 million. The quantity to be procured with this arrount is provided in classified budget documentation.

 FY 1990
 FY 1991

 QTY
 AMCUNI

 22
 23,431
 26
 25,799

HAVE NAP is an air-to-ground, medium range, precision guided missile currently operational in the Israeli Air Force. The weapon system is planned to be employed on Strategic Air Command (SAC) B-52's as a standoff conventional weapon against designated high value point and defense suppression targets.

#### I MAN

(In Thousands of Dollars)

 FY 1990
 FY 1991

 QTY
 ANQUNI
 QTY
 ANQUNI

 10,791
 21,210

standoff ranges. Primary carrier aircraft are the B-1B and B-2. FY 1991 supports nonrecurring costs at The SRAM II is an improved nuclear air-to-surface missile developed to replace the SRAM A. The system will be capable of penetrating advanced defensive threats to strike hard and relocatable targets from the prime contractor's plant and funds advance procurement of long leadtime materials.

GTY ANOLNT GTY ANOLN

- 452 - 42

operational limitations of the AIM-9L when used against infrared countermeasures and clutter backgrounds. retain all demonstrated guidance performance characteristics of the AIM-9L, while significantly reducing missiles forming the SIDBMINDER family. The AIM-9M is a short-range, air-to-air missile designated to Developed as a joint Navy/Air Force effort, the AIM-9M is the latest version of heat-seeking, infrared The 1991 request continues support of AIM-9M production program.

#### AGM-65D/G-MAVERICK

(In Thousands of Dollars)

CITY AMOUNT CITY AMOUNT 2,270 168,658 - 7,325 The AGM-65D and G missiles are rocket-propelled, air-to-surface, precision-guided tactical missiles with warhead, which is detonated by a contact fuze mechanism. The AGM-65G is essentially the same as the "D" the naturally occurring thermal energy of the target. The AGM-65D has a (125 lb) conical shaped charge incorporate imaging infrared (IIR) guidance compatible with all TV MAVERICK capable aircraft and target a "stand-off" launch and leave capability. The missiles are guided by tracking signals developed from procurement of Maverick missiles. The FY 1991 request continues support of the Maverick production version only it employs a larger (300 lb) high explosive warhead. Both the AGM-65D and G missiles acquisition systems that are being planned for tactical aircraft. The FY 1990 program completes

3	CITY ANOLNI 326 76.489	PA 57	FY 1991 AMOUNT 30,316
2		2	3

enemy radar sites by homing in on emitting signals. HARM characteristics include software flexibility. survive. HARM provides a lethal counter to this threat. An alternate guidance section, the Low Cost The Advanced High-Speed Anti-Radiation Missile (HARM) is an air-to-surface missile that is guided to Seeker, is in test. Once qualified, the seeker portion of the HARM will be competitively procured. sophistication, concentration and lethality of enemy ground based, radar guided, missile and antiaircraft artillery systems threaten the ability of tactical aviation to accomplish its mission and inflight retargeting, high speed, large launch envelope, wide band coverage in a single head, high sensitivity and compatibility with both Air Force and Mavy tactical aircraft. The increased missiles to be procured in 1991 will all be Low Cost Seeker-equipped HARAs.

# Advanced Medium Range Air-to-Air Missile (AMRAM)

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1991	AMOUNT	893,382	
2	∑ <b>L</b> O	1,250	
FY 1990	AMOUNT	687,776	
Œ	Ž	815	

increased missile velocity, a "launch and maneuver" employment capability, and the capability for multiple F-14, F-15, F-16 and F-18. It will have a performance envelope significantly improved over the AIM-7F/M, improvements in operational utility and combat effectiveness over the AIM-7F/M Sparrow missile. It is a radar guided, all-weather, all-environment, beyond-visual-range, air-to-air missile compatible with the Developed jointly by the Air Force and Navy, the AMRAAM is an air-to-air missile with significant target attack during a single intercept. The 1991 request procures 1,250 AMRAAMs

 FY 1990
 FY 1991

 QITY
 AMOLNI
 QITY
 AMOLNI

 49
 22,497
 115
 46,404

Target drones are remotely piloted vehicles used to simulate threat aircraft during test and evaluation of air-to-air missiles. Both full-scale and subscale targets with associated augmentation, scoring and countermeasures devices are required. Funding in 1991 procures 48 QF-106 full-scale drones and 67 subscale BOM-34A drones.

#### Industrial Facilities

(In Thousands of Dollars)
FY 1990
FY 1990

OTY ANOUNT OTY ANOUNT - 13,945 - 16,211

These requirements represent the Air Force's effort, in cooperation with industry, to ensure the defense tools that also dramatically impact peacetime procurement. Modernization, productivity, the operations Studies by the Services and the Joint Chiefs of Staff have repeatedly proven that that ensures the ability of the base to accelerate deliveries in times of national emergencies in order manner. Industrial facilities includes the missile/space sector segment of an industrial base program at the 13 government owned-contractor operated plants and at hundreds of civilian contractor locations to meet sustainability requirements. It includes funding for a broad range of industrial acquisition industrial base is capable of producing peacetime weapon systems in a cost-effective and efficient that all make up the defense industrial base are becoming a more and more essential ingredient to national deterrence.

analysis and preparation. In 1991, \$16.2 million is required to support facilities projects, industrial the industrial base will not support mobilization demands in a timely manner without some advance base planning, and industrial productivity and responsiveness.

#### Replacement Equipment

(In Thousands of Dollars)

| FY 1990 | FY 1991 | QTY | ANOLNIT | QTY | ANOLNIT | ANOLNIT | 2,045 | 2,620 |

Requirements for replacement equipment provide for peculiar support equipment for weapon systems that are report activities. In FY 1991 the funding is required to procure replacement equipment for the AIM-7 no longer in production, equipment common to several systems, and equipment required by specialized SPARROW, AIM-9 SIDBMINDER, AGM-65A MAVERICK, AGM-69A SRAM, and ALOM.

١	USAF F	Y 19.91	FACILITY PROJECT DATA				27 Jun 89
3	Air Force F Tucson AZ				4. PROJECT TITA MPC 7000 ( REPL HOLDI	Alterat	
5	PROGRAM ELEME		ORY CODE	7. PRO.	ECT NUMBER	B. PROJEC	F 100

78011F	222-222					510	0		
9. COST ESTIMATES									
	ITEM		U/M	QUANTI	TY	UNIT COST	COST (\$000)		
Total Facilit	1 million gall Reserve (5%)	on above	EA	2		2410	\$4820 241 5061 \$5100		

#### 10 DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION

Construct (2) 1,000,000 gallon above ground tanks with secondary containment and monitoring systems along with the associated piping and pumping systems to eliminate the need for either holding ponds or evaporative beds.

#### BASIS OF NEED:

The United States Congress has enacted "land ban" legislation prohibiting the land treatment, storage & disposal of a wide range of chemicals. The Environmental Protection Agency accordingly enacted the 40 CFR 268 regulations codifying Congress' legislation. The stated intent of this legislation is to minimize and, if possible, eliminate the use of land disposal, including surface impoundments.

#### IMPACT IF NOT PROVIDED:

Failure to approve this project could result in the noncompliance of RCRA Section 1003.A-6 whose objective is minimizing the generation of hazardous waste & the Land disposal of hazardous waste by encouraging process substitution, materials recovery, properly conducted recovery, recycling, reuse and treatment.

5

USAF FY 19_91 FACILITY PROJECT DATA 27								
3 INSTALLATION AND LOC Air Force Plant Tucson AZ			Alteration) /ALKALINE SOL SYS					
8 PROGRAM ELEMENT	6 CATEGORY CODE	7 PROJECT NUMBER	B. PROJECT COST (\$000)					
78011F	1898							

9 COST ESTIMATES				
ITEM	U/M	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST (\$000)
Upgrade Concentrated Acid Waste/ Concentrated Alkaline Solution System Industrial Waste Treatment Plant Project Reserve (5%)	LS			\$1808 90
Total Project Cost Total Project Cost (rounded)				1898 \$1898

#### 10 DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION

Upgrade the concentrated alkaline solution (CAS) and the concentrated acid waste (CAW) batch treatment systems by upgrading technologies to allow for the most efficient and safe process to neutralize solutions, reduce hexavaliant chromium, and destroy cyanide to limits below land ban standards. Install a wet air oxidation system or similar system, for proper destruction of cyanide waste prior to the proposed dewatering of concentrated brines.

#### BASIS OF NEED:

By primary reduction of hexavalent chromium, the need for stabilization during the sludge removal and process phase of treatment will be reduced as the chromium would be treated to meet the land ban requirements.

Concentrated materials will then be processed through the sludge solidification system to comply with the land ban regulations.

#### IMPACT IF NOT PROVIDED:

Failure to approve this project will result in noncompliance with land ban regulations found at 40 CFR 268, and could result in civil/criminal litigation. It will also result in the inability to manage the CAW/CAS waste stream within the surface impoundments.

DD 1000 1391

PREVIOUS EDITIONS MAY BE USED INTERNALLY
UNTIL EXHAUSTED

PAGE NO

#U.S. G.P.O. 1984-420 979/13678

# ACTIVITY: 3. Modification of In-service Missiles

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1991 Estimate \$234,600

FY 1990 Estimate FY 1989 Actual

77,057

### SECTION I - PURPOSE AND SOOPE

performance, and increase maintainability by incorporating approved modifications resulting from technical revised handbooks, and engineering effort. These programs are designed to improve reliability, enhance This activity provides for modification of missile systems and drones, direct ground support equipment, missife training equipment, and components for this equipment. These costs include modification kits, advances, service use, and continuing test programs.

# SECTION !! - JUSTIFICATION OF PUNDS REQUESTED

improvements, extension of service life or correction of material deficiencies, and Class V modifications superiority over hostile forces. In FY 1991, funding for installation is included with each modificaiton that incorporate changes to enhance the operational capability of the fielded systems. Several Class III modification of in-service missile systems to enable strategic, tactical, and support forces to maintain update modifications are also programmed to bring fielded missiles into line with production line configuration. Advances in technology and weapon system service life extensions necessitate the The FY 1991 missile modification program consists of Class IV modifications necessary for safety as directed in the FY 1990 DOD Appropriations Bill.

HAVE NAP

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1990 FY 1991

\$997

The 1990 program of \$1.0 million provides for modification of the HAVE NAP missiles used in Initial Operational Test and Evaluation to comply with United States operational and safety standards.

### LGM-30, Minuterran 11/111 Modification.

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1991 FY 1990 \$94,978 \$16,590

The FY 1991 request starts the Rapid Execution and Combat Targeting (REACT) mod to Minuteman III to replace equipment in all operational launch control centers.

#### AGM-65D Maverick.

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1991 FY 1990

\$9,968

The 1991 request continues a Class V modification for 825 AGM-65D missiles and depot support equipment \$3,238 for compatibility with the new digital autopilot and pneumatic actuation system. This modification updates operational capability for current pilot training.

### AGM-88A, HARM Modification.

(in Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1990

\$1,410

\$2,074

The FY 1991 program provides \$2.1 million to correct deficiencies revealed during operational testing and initial use. These corrections are incorporated into the production line at the earliest time, but systems that could not be corrected while in production must be corrected through the modification process.

# AGM-86A, Air Launched Cruise Missile Modification.

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1990 FY 1991

\$3,886

The 1991 continues miscellaneous Class IV reliability/supportability updates.

### Peacekeeper Modifications.

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1991 FY 1990 \$1,937 \$1,862 The FY 1991 program provide \$1.9 million for miscellaneous Class IV reliability and maintainability modifications.

Other (Modifications Under \$2.0 Million).

(In Thousands of Dollars)

\$247 FY 1990

\$275

The FY 1991 program provide \$.3 million for miscellaneous Class IV modifications on the AIM-7F SPARROW, to improve reliability, maintainability and correct material deficiencies.

## ACTIVITY: 4. Spares and Repair Parts

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1991 Estimate \$271,365

FY 1990 Estimate

FY 1989 Actual

231,907

183,796

### SECTION I - PURPOSE AND SOOPE

This activity provides for procurement of initial spares and repair parts for ballistic missiles, other missiles, and target drones. Included are related provisioning documentation and spares for missile modification programs, peculiar support equipment and training equipment. Beginning in FY1991, the Air Force has instituted a new concept of management which transfers funding responsibility for replenishment spares from this central procurement account to the Air Force Stock Fund.

# SECTION 11 - JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

Initial spares requirements are validated in the weapon system provisioning process for a specified The 1991 funds are required for initial spares for weapon systems in production. Initial spares funding support equipment), number of weapon systems in production, production leadtimes, and recurring flyaway support period. Replenishment spares include components and repair parts required for the continued factors are applied in accordance with type of weapon system, category of support (e.g. air vehicle, requirements are determined by applying standard factors which are based on historical experience. support of missiles, drones and related support equipment maintained in the operational inventory. costs.

TOTAL BLOGET ACTIVITY 4:

SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS

(In Thousands of Dollars)	FY 1991	271,356	FY 1991		\$ 832	13	
	FY 1990	183,796	FY 1990		\$ 1,085		
				INITIAL SPARES	LGM-30 F/G Minuteman 11/111	AIM-9M Sidewinder	

AIM-120 Advanced Medium		
Range Air-to-Air Missile (ANRAAM)	10,836	22, 105
AGM-65D Imaging Infrared (IIR) Maverick	4,794	•
AGM-88A High Speed		
Anti Radiation Missile (HARM)	4,533	3,260
LGM-118A Peacekeeper	1,343	158,686
Target Drones	4,908	3,719
AGM-136 Tacit Rainbow	ı	3,898
HAVE NAP	1,296	2,084
AGM-130 Powered GBU-15	1	2,815
Rapier	1	25, 125
Classified Programs	9.371	21,533
Subtotal	33,383	245,091
SABES SALISINI NOTASIA	•	
AIM-0 Sidewinder	280	279
I I / I I NAMED NIM O/S OF NO	5	23 871
OTHER PROGRAMS	1.634	2,114
Subtotal	1,996	26,264
TOTAL INITIAL SPAKES	35,379	271,355

	0661	1991
REPLENIS-MENT SPARES		
AIM-7 Sparrow	2,343	.1
AIM-9 Sidewinder	7.279	ij
AIM-120 AMRAAM	6,921	1
AGM-65A Maverick	2,779	1
AGM-69A SRAM	2,985	1
AGM-86 ALCM	2,828	1
AGM-88A HARM	2,873	L
RAPIER	14,857	Ī
LGM-30 Minuteman	85,270	L
LGM-118A Peacekeeper	17,993	Ī
Target Drones	2,118	ı
Classified Programs	171	1
Total Replenishment Spares	148,417	.1
TOTAL BLOCET ACTIVITY 4:	•	
SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	183,796	271,355

### ACTIVITY: 5. Other Support

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1991 Estimate

FY 1990 Estimate

4,089,185

\$4,612,597

FY 1989 Actual

4,435,046

### SECTION 1 - PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This activity provides for space programs and special programs. Space programs provide launch vehicles, satellites, peculiar ground support equipment, and miscellaneous launch support requirements other than those chargeable to the Operations and Maintenance appropriation. Special programs are of a sensitive nature and require special access.

## SECTION 11 - JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

The FY 1991 request of \$4,612,597 thousand includes \$1,240,687 for operational space programs and \$3,371,910 thousand for special programs.

FY 1991	AMOUNT	7,621
7	Σ <b>L</b> O	1
FY 1990	ANCINT	20,540
£	ZIO	ŧ

Agency. FY 1991 funds provide for the procurement of peculiar anti-jam, data and command authentication encryption/decryption, authentication anti-jam, and weapon system security communication equipment for This program is an integral part of the national COMSEC program administered by the National Security Funds requested in this line procure CONSEC products for use in operational space programs This program provides communications security equipment for all critical spaceborne communications space and satellite programs.

Navstar Global Positioning System (GPS) (MMP)

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1990

GIY AMOUNT

- 48,000 - 201,745

countermeasures and rapid deployment for all services. The FY 1991 request provides funds to support the precisely determine position (to 16 meters spherical probable accuracy worldwide) and velocity (.1 meters existing GPS Block II satellites as well as advance procurement funds to start acquisition of twenty GPS The operational Navstar GPS system will consist of 18 satellites in six orbital planes and 3 on orbit per second), in three dimensions and unimpaired by weather anywhere in the world. GPS's positional spare satellites, a ground control station and approximately 20,000 sets of user equipment for all services. Users (military aircraft, ships, ground vehicles, and ground personnel) will be able to accuracy will significantly improve the effectiveness of reconnaissance, weapons delivery, mine Block IIR replacement satellites on a multiyear basis. (In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1990

FY 1991

QTY ANQUNI QTY ANQUNI - 28,200 - 15,128

launched on the Space Shuttle. In FY 1991 funds are requested for Inertial Upper Stage (IUS) technical support, Payload Assist Module-DII (PAM-DII) integration, and support equipment for Shuttle Operations. The Space Shuttle Operations program provides funds to support Air Force operational space programs

# Defense Meteorological Satellite Program (DMSP) (MMP)

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1990

OEY AMCLANI OFY 1 116,607 1

147,719

infrared cloud imagery and other specialized meteorological, oceanographic and solar geophysical data to (Offutt AFB, Nebraska) and the Navy's Fleet Numerical Oceanography Center (Monterey, California). Local mobile Air Force and Navy tactical receiving terminals at key worldwide operating locations and onboard DNSP is an advanced weather satellite system that provides timely, worldwide, high quality visible and aircraft carriers at sea. The FY 1991 request procures satellite S-18 as part of the five space craft support DD strategic missions. Worldwide data are provided to the Air Force Global Weather Central area cloud imagery data are transmitted for immediate use directly from the satellites to fixed and multiyear began in FY 1989, and sensors for satellites S18-20.

### Defense Support Program (DSP) (MMP)

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1990

GTY AMOUNT GTY AMOUNT

1 346,630 1 326,246

other designated users. Funds FY 1991 complete the 5 satellite multiyear procurement started in FY 1987. DSP satellites contain sensors which provide near real-time data to the National Command Authority and One satellite will be procured in this year.

# Defense Satellite Communications System (DSCS) (MMP)

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1990

OTY

AMOUNT

- 48, 189

- 63,917

operational and two on-orbit spare satellites positioned in geosynchronous orbits to provide global (less will include an Air Force Satellite Communications System single channel transponder for Emergency Action transmissions. It satisfies unique and vital national security communications requirements for worldwide naval elements, and an operational control segment. The authorized DSCS space segment consists of five segment, which is an Air Force responsibility, a multi-user terminal segment for ground, airborne, and DSCS provides Super High Frequency (SHF) satellite communications for secure voice and high data rate monitoring and surveillance information and diplomatic traffic. The DSCS program consists of a space military command and control, crises management and relay of intelligence, early warning data, treaty polar) coverage. Existing DSCS II satellites will be replenished with DSCS III satellites. DSCS III provides increased capacity, flexibility, and counter-countermeasure capability. DSCS III satellites Message dissemination. Funding in FY 1991 procures two Integrated Apogee Boost Subsystem assemblies

finances general engineering support, satellite storage, and modification to DSCS satellites to allow use (IABS) to enable launch of two DSCS III satellites on the Atlas il launch vehicles. FY 1991 also of the Atlas II.

#### Space Boosters (MMP)

(In Thousands of Dollars)

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	ANCON.	5	
ო	230,300	2	208,58

IV launch vehicles as part of the multiyear procurement begun in FY 1987. Also funded are the associated The Space Boosters program provides access to space for critical DDD payloads. FY 1991 funds two Titan solid rocket motor upgrades (SRMUs) at and associated aerospace ground equipment (AGE) Vandenberg's Air Force Base and Canaveral Air Force Station.

### Medium Launch Vehicle (MLV)

(In Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1990

GTY ANGUNE

GTY ANGUNE

269,731

164,847

This program provides for competitive procurement of medium launch vehicles (MLVs). The Delta II will be finances three Delta II launch vehicles to launch NAVSTAR Global Positioning System (GPS) satellites and used to launch medium weight satellites, such as the NAVSTAR GPS into orbit. The FY 1991 request two Atlas II launch vehicles to launch DSCS satellites.

## Muclear Detonation Detection System (NDS)

(In Thousands of Dollars)

32, 144 AMOUNT AMOUNT FY 1990 B

FY 1991 funding provides advance procurement to initiate the multiyear procurement of NDS sensor suites NDS provides the capability to detect, locate, and report nuclear detonations on a global basis near real-time. NDS sensor packages are employed on NAVSTAR Global Positioning System (GPS) satellites. for the next twenty GPS satellites.

#### Forest Green

(In Thousands of Dollars)

AMOUNT FY 1991 B 538 AMOUNT FY 1990 B

Information concerning this program is included in classified budget documentation material.

#### Special Programs

(In Thousands of Dollars) FY 1990

3, 101, 796 B AMOUNT 3,062,166 B

AMOUNT

Information concerning this program is included in classified budget documentation material.

#### Special Update Programs

(in Thousands of Dollars)

FY 1991 FY 1990

Y ANDLANT

- 231, 168

AMOUNT 237,345 ď OT ✓

Information concerning this program is included in classified budget documentation material.

# COMPARISON OF FY 1990 PROGRAM REC, JIRBMENTS AS REFLECTED

# IN FY 1990 AMENDED BUDGET WITH FY 1990 PROCRAM REQUIRBMENTS AS

#### SHOWN IN FY 1991 BLOCKET

### SUMMARY OF PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

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o
Thousands
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	Program	Program	Increase (+)
	Requirements	Requirements	o
	Per 1990 Amended Budget	Per 1991 Budget	Decrease (-)
BLOGET ACTIVITY			
1. Ballistic Missiles	\$ 993,499	\$ 886,359	\$ -107,140
2. Other Missiles	1,567,968	1,363,217	-214,751
3. Modification of In-Service Missiles	115,647	77,067	-38,590
4. Spares and Repair Parts	259,411	183, 796	-75,615
5. Other Support	4,445,675	4,089,185	-356,490
Reimbursable Program	311.300	251,772	-59,528
Total Fiscal Year Program	\$7,693,500	\$6,841,386	\$ -852,114

## EXPLANATION OF CHANCES BY BLOCET ACTIVITY

thousand); and reflects addition of \$17,000 thousand to be reprogramed for the AGM-130. Additionally \$55,000 thousand reflects reductions of -\$4,801 thousand for the Military Personnel reprograming (Maverick -\$4,600 thousand, ACM -\$132 thousand, SRAM II -\$69 thousand); -\$2,500 thousand for a reprogramming to the Advanced Tactical Fighter (HARM -\$2,500 Ballistic Missiles (-\$107,140). The Peacekeeper program and Peacekeeper, Advance Procurement are reduced a total of \$91,000 thousand persuant to Section 9115 of the FY 1990 LCD Appropriation Act. Peacekeeper is reduced \$11,140 Other Missiles (-\$214,751). Congress made the following adjustments (totalling -\$169,450 thousand): Advanced Cruise Missile (ACM) (-\$9,000 thousand), AMRAAM (-\$215,100 thousand), and AGM-88A HARM (+\$54,650 thousand). Also thousand and Replacement Equipment-Ballistic is reduced \$5,000 thousand for the Military Personnel Reprograming. of HARM funding has been placed on deferral by the Department.

- Department has Deferred \$76,000 thousand for Minuteman Modifications. The adjustment also refelcts a decrease of \$90 finance the installation of modifications. These installations were previously funded in the O&M Appropriation. 3. Modification of In-Service Missiles (+\$38,590). Congress added \$37,500 thousand to this Budget Activity to thousand for contractor travel persuant to Section 9095 of the DOD Appropriations Act.
- Also reflects a reduction for reprogramming to Military Personnel (-\$6,900 thousand). Reflects a reduction fo \$59,000 Spares and Repair Parts (-\$75,615). Congress reduced the FY 1990 Spares and Repair Parts by \$9,715 thousand. thousand persuant to Section 9115 of the FY 1990 DOD Appropriations Act.
- \$2.373 thousand, DSCS -\$901 thousand, Space Shuttle Ops -\$1,466 thousand and Meduim Launch Vehicles -\$2,239 thousand); follows: Global Positioning System (-\$16,291 thousand), Space Shuttle Operations (-\$16,400 thousand), Defense Support 5. Other Support (-\$356,490). The decrease is a result of Congressional actions (totalling -\$323,672 thousand) as Programs (-\$119,100 thousand) and Special Update (-\$108,000 thousand). Also reflects reduction of -\$3,018 thousand for the Congressionally directed contractor travel reduction; -\$17,000 thousand for a reprogramming for the AGM-130 Program (-\$25,000 thousand) Space Boosters (-\$29,281 thousand), Medium Launch Vehicles (-\$9,600 thousand), Special (DNSP -\$11,00 thousand, GPS -\$6,000 thousand); -\$6,979 thousand for a reprogramming to Military Personnel (DNSP and -\$5,821 for reprograming to the Advanced Tactical Fighter from DNSP spread to each line item in the budget

Reinbursable Program. Decrease is due to revised estimates of customer orders for a classified program.

## COMPARISON OF FY 1990 FINANCING AS REFLECTED

# IN FY 1990 AMENDED BLOCKT WITH FY 1990 FINANCING AS

#### SHOWN IN FY 1991 BUDGET

	(In Tho	(In Thousands of Dollars)	
	Financing Per	Financing Per	Increase (+)
	FY 1990 Budget	FY 1991 Budget	o
			Decrease (-)
Program Requirements	\$7,693,500	\$6,841,386	\$ -852,114
Program Requirements (Service Account)	(7,382,200)	(6,589,614)	(-792,586)
Program Requirements (Reimbursable)	(311,300)	(215,772)	(-59,528)
Less:			
Anticipated Reimbursements	311,300	251,772	-59,528
Reduction due to P.L 101-165	1	-153, 108	-153, i08
Add:			
Transfer to Other Accounts	3	43, 141	+43,141
Appropriation	\$7,382,200	\$6,916,863	\$ -465,337

### EXPLANATION OF CHANGES IN FINANCING

The FY 1990 program has decreased \$852,144 thousand since submission of the FY 1990 Amended Budget Adjustments by category of financing are explained below:

- Anticipated Reinbursements. An decrease of \$59,528 thousand is due to a decrease in customer orders for a classified program.
- Reduction due to Public Law 101-165. The financing decreases \$150,000 persuant to Section 9115 of the DOD Appropriations Act. This section directed the reduction from ICBM Modernizaton Programs. An additional \$3,108 thousand is reduced for Contractor Travel persuant to Section 9095 of DCD Appropriations Act.
- A reduction of \$43,141 thousand reflects transfer for Military Personnel, and 3. Transfer to Other Accounts. the Advanced Tactical Fighter.

#### IN FY 1990 BUDGET WITH FY 1989 PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS AS COMPARISON OF FY 1989 PROGRAM RECYJINDANENTS AS REFLECTED SHOWN IN FY 1991 BLDGET

### SUMMARY OF PROGRAM REQUIRENESS

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	Program	Program	Increase (+)
	Requirements	Requirements	or
	Per 1990 Amended Budget	Per 1991 Budget	Decrease (-)
BLOCET ACTIVITY			
1. Ballistic Missiles	\$ 851,455	\$ 841,394	\$ -10,061
2. Other Missiles	1,469,201	1,498,035	+28,834
3. Modification of In-Service Missiles	144,021	140,079	-3,942
4. Spares and Repair Parts	231,026	231,907	-881
5. Other Support	4,424,693	4,435,046	-10,353
Reimbursable Program	315,000	556,099	-58,901
Total Fiscal Year Program	\$7,435,396	\$7,402,560	\$ -32,836

### EXPLANATION BY BLOCET ACTIVITY

- Ballistic Missiles (-\$10,061). Reflects a decrease of \$7,875 thousand for Special Operation Forces reprograming (Peacekeeper -\$2,420 thousand and Replacement Equipment of \$5,455 thousand) and a below threshold reprogramming of \$2,186 thousand from Replacement Equipment.
- thousand, Replacement Equipment -\$1,631 thousand, Target Drones -\$82 thousand) and a below threshold reprogramming net Other Missiles (+\$28,884). The reduction is a net result of the following adjustment: rejection of AIM-7 for reprogramming (+\$28,999 thousand), reprogramming for Special Operations Forces (HARM -\$648 thousand, GLOM -\$2 of +\$2,248 thousand.
- Modification of In-Service Missiles (-\$3,942). Changes reflect a reduction \$5,500 for transfer to the Coast Quard in ALOM Modifications and a below threshold reprogramming of \$1,558 thousand

- Other Support (-\$10,353). Program reflects reprogramming to Special Operation Forces, -\$2,914 thousand (GPS -\$227 thousand, Space Shuttle Ops. -\$20 thousand, CMSP -\$25 thousand, DSCS -\$163 thousand, Space Boosters -\$1,702 thousand, Medium Launch Vehicles -\$777 thousand). Also reflects funds which were to be used for reprograming which have not THE TRANSPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY SCHOOLING TO THE PROPERTY OF THE 5
- Reindursable Program (+\$58,901). Program reflects change in requirements to support classified user.

been used +\$13,267.